power supply for

# The Decoders

## MS - SOUND-DECODERS





REAL 16 bits audio - 22 or 44 kHz sample rate - 16 channels - 128 Mbit memory

The **REAL 16 bits** refer to the complete sound project: from the sound files stored in the flash memory, to the I2S-bus (=Inter-IC-Sound) for playback in stereo, to the fully digital Class "D" amplifier.

22 kHz sample rate by default, but also (defined by the sound project) sound channels of 11 kHz for simpler sounds (e.g. station announcements) and 44 kHz for sounds of maximum hifi quality.

128 Mbit sound memory means 360 sec playback time of high quality (16 bits / 22 kHz); using the memory economically (8 bits / 11kHz) makes up to 1440 sec playback time possible (neglecting the overhead).

16 Sound channels can be played back simultaneously and adjusted individually, and can also be distributed to two speakers in "stereo decoders" (especially, but not limited to, large-scale decoders). The timbres of driving sounds (e.g.: chuff sounds, diesel engine, whistles, horns, ...) can be adjusted via high and low pass filters via CV configuration.

Note! Even "old" (not converted) 8 bit sound projects do sound better with the MS hardware!

#### Multiprotocol: DCC, mfx, MM

Introducing the MS generation, ZIMO decoders do not only work with DCC and MM, like all ZIMO decoders, but also with the mfx  $\textbf{track format}, including \ RDS \ feedback \ and \ automatic \ \textbf{registration} \ with \ mfx \ central$ stations. They also work in analog operation, AC and DC, of course.

#### MS decoders as successors of the MX decoders

The new sound decoders contain many components which are important for the performance. Some of the most important are a state-of-the-art 32 bits ARM processor and DSP properties. Many things are new, but the MS decoders still represent a continuous development of the MX decoders: the well-proven power electronics (rectifier, amplifiers) were adopted, as well as the construction types and interfaces.

NOTE: The MX decoders will not be removed from ZIMO's product range, and are still offered as long as there is demand. Due to the fact that the old decoders are continuously being developed, also during the development of the new decoders, there may be some situations where the MX decoders have an advantage.

TRUE PHOTO TE	RUE PHOTO	TRUE PHOTO		TRUE PHOTO	CAD		CAD	C.A.			CAD		NO IMAGES AVAILABLE	YET
MS Decoders (Sound)	<b>MS450,</b> MS450R, MS45	MS450P2	andard H0  MS44  MTC acc. VHD			<b>15480,</b> 80R, MS480F		Minia 480P16	MS490 is N MS490, MS490R, MS490F	MS490N,	Next		Large . 18960V, S	MS990 -KV, -KS, -LV, LS
Dimensions (mm)	30 x 15 x 4	30 x 15 x 4	30 x 15	x 4 30 x 1	.5 x 4 19	x 11 x 3,5	19 :	x 11 x 3,5	19 x 8,6 x 3,5	19 x 8,6 x 3,5	5 25 x 10,	5 x 4 5	5 x 25 x 13	50 x 40 x 13
Connections Wires and/or standardized interfaces	<b>13</b> wires NEM-652, NEM-6.	<b>PluX-22</b>	21MT FO3, FO4, FO logig level (	5, FO6 FO3, FO4,	FO5. FO6 NEA	<b>11 wires</b> -652, NEM-651		PluX-16	<b>11</b> wires NEM-652, NEM-651	NEM-651 directly	Next	18 c	pin onnection	pin conn. or screw terminals
Continuous Current motor+sound+FOs (peak)	<b>1.2</b> A (2.5 A)	<b>1.2</b> A (2.5 A	<b>1,2</b> A	<b>1,2</b> A	0,	<b>8</b> A	0,8	3 A	<b>0,7</b> A	<b>0,7</b> A	<b>0,8</b> A	4	ŀΑ	<b>6</b> A
Function Outputs incl. 2 x headlights (+ logic-level outputs)	4 with wires 6 on s.pads (+ 2 logic leve	10 9 on plug (+ 2 <sup>1</sup> on s.pad (+ 2 <sup>1</sup> logic leve	8 4 on 4 on (+ 6 logic	s.pad 8	on plug 6	4 with wires, 2 on s.pad (+ 2 logic level)	_	4 on plug, 1 on s.pad (+ 2 logic level)	4 all 4 with wires (+ 2 logic level)	2 on plug, 2 on s.pad (+ 2 logic level	-	. 8	3 or <b>14</b>	<b>8</b> or <b>14</b>
Servo - control lines (complete with 5V supply)	alternate use of logic-level (NO, external 5V)	alternate use 2 of logic-level (NO, external 5V)	alternate 2 of logic-l (NO, external	evel 2 of log		alternate use of logic-level IO, external 5V)	2	alternate use of logic-level D, external 5V)	alternate use of logic-level (NO, external 5V)	alternate use of logic-level (NO, external 5V)	alterna 2 of logic (NO, extern	-level 4	servo wires	full feat. 3-pole servo connections (YES)
SUSI - connection alternatively SUSI, I2C, sound loading	yes of logic-level on s.pads	yes of logic-level on PluX	yes of logic- on MT0	level yes of lo	, ,	alternate use S of logic-level on s.pads	yes	alternate use of logic-level on PluX	yes of logic-level on s.pads	yes of logic-level on s.pads	yes of logic on NE	,	es	yes susi conn.
Switching Inputs for cam sensores, Reed switches, i.a.	1 on s.pads + 2 alternate use of logic-level	1 on s.pads + 2 alternate use of logic-level	2 on MTC + 2 alternation	e use + 2 alter	TC nate use 2 gic-level	alternate use of logic-level	2	alternate use of logic-level	2 alternate use of logic-level	2 alternate use of logic-level	2 alterna of logi	ite use c-level	on pin connector or screw terminals	3 on pin connector or screw terminal
Energy Storage - connect. 15V - capacitors DIRECTLY on the decoder	yes with wires (no limit)	yes on PluX (no limit)	yes on s.pa (no lim	yes ads on iit) (no	s.pads limit)	es on s.pads max 1000µF	ye	eS on PluX max 1000µF	yes on s.pads max 1000µF	yes on s.pads max 1000µF	AND extern	al buffer 00μF/5V al: 5V on s.pads	internal energy storage: 2 Supercaps	internal: 3 Supercaps AND external on pins/screw termina
Speaker Outputs dep.on dec. 8 \( \Omega \ome	1 3 watts / 4 with wires	Ω 1 3 watts / 4 s	1 3 watt			L 1 watts / 8 Ω with wires		$1$ watts $\mathbf{/8}\Omega$ on PluX	1 1 watts / 8 Ω with wires	1 1 watts / 8 $\Omega$ with wires	1 1 wat		2 10 watts / 4 $\Omega$ on pins/terminals	2 10 watts / 4 $\Omega$ on pins/terminal
Energy Storage - connect. 15V - capacitors DIRECTLY to the decoder .	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	yes wires or PluX	yes wires	yes wires or PluX	yes wires	-	-
SUSI - connect. (altern. SUSI, I2C)	-	-	-	alternate use of logic-level	2 alternate use of logic-level	2 alternate of logic-	te use -level	2 alternate use of logic-level	2 alternate use of logic-level	2 alternate use of logic-level	2 alternate use of logic-level	2 alternate u	z alternate us	alternate use of logic-level
Servo - control wires (complete with 5V supply)	-	-	-	alternate use of logic-level (NO, external 5V)	2 alternate use of logic-level (NO, external 5V)	2 of logic- (NO, external	-level I 5V)	2 alternate use of logic-level (NO, external 5V)	2 of logic-level (NO, external 5V)	alternate use of logic-level (NO, external 5V)	2 alternate use of logic-level (NO, external 5V)	2 alternate L of logic-lev (YES, version "V	vel 2 of logic-lever ") (YES, version "V"	2 of logic-level (NO, external 5V)
Function Outputs incl. 2 x headlights (+ logic-level outputs)	4 all 4 with wires or on plug	6 2 wires or pins 4 on s.pads	2 wires or pins 4 on s.pads	4 4 on plug (+ 4 logic-level)	4 2 wires or p 2 on s.pads (+ 2 logic-le	4 2 wires of 2 pads of (+ 4 logic		6 4 wires or PluX 4 s.pads or Plux (+ 2 logic-level		<b>6(8)</b> MTC (+ 2(4) logic-level)	10(9) 4 wires or PluX (+ 2 logic-level)	<b>6(8)</b> (+ 2(4) logic	-level) 10(9) PluX (+ 2 logic-le	
Continuous Current motor+sound+FOs (peak)	<b>0.8</b> A (1.5 A)	<b>0.7</b> A (1.5 A)	<b>).8</b> A (1.5 A)	<b>0.8</b> A (1.5 A)	<b>0.8</b> A (1.5	<b>0.8</b> A	1,5 A)	<b>1.0</b> A (.,5 A	<b>1.2</b> A (2.5 A)	<b>1.2</b> A (2.5 A)	<b>1.2</b> A (2.5 A)	<b>1.2</b> A (2.	<b>1.2</b> A (2.5	<b>1.2</b> A (2.5 A)
Connections wires and/or standardized interfaces	<b>9</b> wires or <b>PluX</b> -12	7 wires or NEM-651	<b>7</b> wires or NEM- <b>651</b>	Next18	7 wires	<b>7</b> wir		<b>9</b> wires or <b>PluX</b> -16		21 <b>MTC</b>	12 wires or PluX-22	21 <b>MT</b>		
Dimensions (mm)	25 x 11 x 2	8 x 8 x 2	13 x 9 x 2.5	15 x 9.5 x 2.8	14 x 9 x 2	.5 20 x 8.5	x 2.5	20 x 11 x 3.	.5 22 x 15 x 3.5	20.5x15.5x3.5	26 x 15 x 3.5	26 x 15 x	3.5 22 x 15 x	3.5 20.5 x 15.5 x 3.
MX-Decoders (Non-Sound)	MX600, -R, -P12 flat decoder		<b>MX617,</b> -R, -F, -N - Miniature —	MX618N18	MX622 -R, -F, -N	P, MX6 -R, -F, -F	P16	MX630, -R, -F, -P16	-R, -F, -P22	MX634C, D	-R, -F, -P22	MX636		P22 MX638C, L

Every ZIMO decoder is technologically advanced, being ahead of their time. Making a unique difference through advanced features which are realized thought the use of innovative

#### Zwischenstufe U Ultralangsam Zwischenstufe t Langsam L FL Zwischenstufe **Volle Fahrt** Spannung AUS)

Die HLU -

 $Geschwindigk eits {\it limits}$ 

(einschließlich "Halt" und "Fahrt")

software and hardware that in many cases integrates the use of RailCom. All of this is designed

and made inhouse, at ZIMO in Austria, using high quality components, while providing an extra

# **HLU** unmatched for 20 years

Almost from the beginning (1980), the "signal controlled speed influence" (HLU's predecessor) is integrated in all ZIMO decoders and digital systems.

DCC is known to be a communication format from the digital command station to the vehicles; a single command is distributed on the whole layout, to which (only) one decoder reacts due to the loco address sent with the command.

**HLU** information is always bound to one specified track section, does NOT contain addresses and is valid for all trains on the track section. Usually those are commands to stop the trains or limit

the speed; practically without delay (100 times/sec).

#### **MXULF** Updating and Sound loadina device for decode

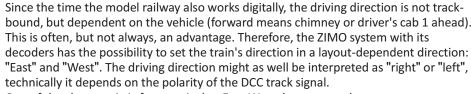
Updating and loading sound onto ZIMO decoders can be done via flash drive or Alternatively, the SUSI interface can be used

Rail (Com application

to load sound within a few minutes, to test the driving operation and for many other

#### **EAST-WEST**

#### Since 2018 always in the right directon



One of the characteristic features is that East-West does not work against, but together with the driving directions forward-backwards. This means:

- driving off in the "right" direction without knowing in which direction the train is placed on the tracks
- to send "both directions" via RailCom to the controller, so the driver
- always has all the information
- without losing the known handling (change of directions).



#### **PoM** all over the place Standardized PoM allowing the reading and programing of CV's on

the main track; Zimo has also implemented the VHDM standard allowing addresses of decoders to be changed on the main track.

Track-on search application and Rolling stock search (project) The "track-on search" is used to determine the unknown address of one or a few vehicles. The vehicle currently being searched for is temporarily

the procedure is started, the address and (if available) the name of the

vehicle found appears. This is done within seconds.

disconnected from the power supply (or placed on the layout again); after

The Rolling stock search has been included in the RCN-217 standard of the "RailCommunity" manufacturers' association.

The "stock search" covers all decoders found on the track. This is done by a request "to all" to report via RailCom. In this way the system database can be (semi-)automatically supplemented and cleaned up.



# 40 years

In several generations (4-7 depending on the article group)the ever growing ZIMO development department has created the most comprehensive product range on the market for model railway electronics from 1980 to 2020.

The in-house electronics production, on which ZIMO relies as one of few suppliers, allows the flexible processing of all orders from the model railway industry and from retailers.

in 2020 (already for the fourth time in history) a large part of the machinery of the SMD production line (assembly machine,

solder paste printer, AOI system, etc.) has been renewed. ZIMO is now more efficient in several aspects: higher quantities, more individualization, even lower error rate, progressive miniaturization.



Photo: New 3D AOI at training.



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# MS decoders: small and large ones.

Following the MS sound decoders for HO standard interfaces PluX22 and 21MTC, i.e. *MS450P22* and *MS440C* and *-D*, more MS types are released. Those, too, are the successors of the MX types equipped with the same interfaces.

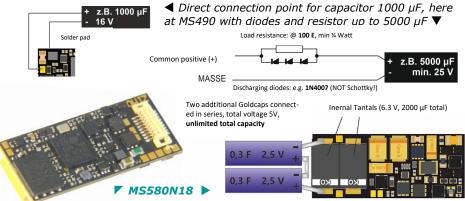
Next18 interface:  $MX658 \rightarrow MS580$  (complete) PluX16-interface or with wires:  $MX648 \rightarrow MS480$  (in development) NEM-651 mounted directly or with wires \*):  $MX649 \rightarrow MS490$  (almost complete)

\*) "with wires" = as desired with free ends or NEM-652, NEM-651 on wires.

The key innovations of the MS technique compared to MX lies (as is well known) in the sound reproduction (**16** bit resolution, **128** Mbit memory, etc.) and in the mfx ability (except MS490). New types also provide an opportunity for additional improvements; in this case the focus lies on stay-alive capacitors.

The larger decoders (typically HO) already have the connection for stayalive capacitors by ZIMO since MX decoders; for miniature sound decoders there are new possibilities for MS types:

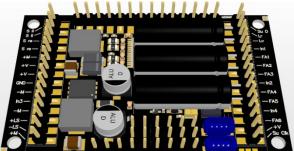
**MS480** and **MS490** at least provide the possibility to connect capacitors with 1000 μF (16 V) directly (i.e. without additional components), even more with diodes and resistors. The greatest possible extent is provided by **MS580N18**: two small Goldcaps, connected directly in series, provide a **stay alive capacity** of **1-2 sec** (5V).



Special type with Goldcaps assembled

The flagship under the MS decoders for scales G and 1 is the *large-scale* **sound decoder MS990**. Due to better spatial conditions than smaller scales, practically everything can be equipped, as far as it is technically

Fan 2.1 low voltage outputs 10V, 5V var. low voltage output Second speaker FO7 ... FO12 FO13



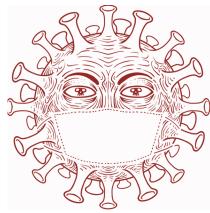
possible. This is also done with this product, although it may take some time until the final release.

This is why there is only a CAD drawing of the PCB at the moment.

■ **MS990LV** (with pin connector)

The connection terminals (pins or screw terminals) are equal to the predecessor *MX699*, in the front (servos) and in the back there are differences.

Please refer to the next page for details to MS990!



Free picture by Gordon Johnson on Pixabay

Currently the Corona virus affects everything, even model railways.

Fairs and exhibitions were and are going to be cancelled (Mannheim, Dortmund, Wels, St. Louis, ...). This does not only mean loss in promotion and business, but especially missing personal contact between "railroaders" of all kinds.

It SHOULD start again on August 13th: the new date for the Intermodellbau in Dortmund. Although this is not very probable, keeping in mind that the (at a later date) Oktoberfest in Munich has been cancelled already....

Nevertheless, the model railway industry keeps working; we register almost no decrease in orders for decoders by manufacturers.

At ZIMO we had to establish some safety measures: Distance, working from home in some areas, ...

The production is working as usual, especially now the MS decoders broaden our range of product types.

Material supply is a little unsteady, some components are more expensive, but because of the ZIMO-internal flexibility, the assembly and following processes are still producing at full capacities.

It looks like ZIMO will overcome this crisis without short-time work or even dismissals. To achieve this, we need

#### Y O U

that is, model railroaders, who buy our products directly or "packed" in fully equipped model vehicles.

#### The most important features and specialties of the MS large-scale decoder MS990,

especially regarding differences to the MX types (additional to 16 bit and 128Mbit sound inherent to all MS decoders)

- 6 A motor/total current | 15 function outputs | 3 stay-alive capacitors Supercap 3F3 similar to MX699, optimization regarding energy storage.
- 2 fixed and 1 variable low voltage connections, similar to MX699, the voltage 5, 10, 8 V are available (for servos or sound amplifiers) as well as type dependent: one low voltage output for other functions.
- 2 independent outputs for 10 Watt speaker ("stereo"), on the one hand, to provide more volume and, on the other hand, distribute sound according to their origin like in the prototype.
- 2 independent smoke generators with their own fan each can be activated if required by the model; the voltage supply is accordingly powerful.
- **6** servo connections, eligible 6 x 3 pole or on one single line; for all cases 4 servos are not enough, e.g. two couplers or more than two pantographs.
- 2 independent SUSI interfaces one of them on a typical SUSI interface as well as on pins/screw terminals, the other only on the second SUSI interface; as always, "SUSI" does not only mean a train bus connection corresponding to the SUSIprotocol standardized by Railcommunity, but also for I<sup>2</sup>C usages for faster sound loading.
- 1 gyroscopic sensor for future use (as soon as activated by the software) to influence driving and sound through inclines and declines or other measurable movements.

# Special MS decoder for 0-scale planned: MS950

This sound decoder will bridge the HO-world with the "real" large-scales (G, 1), regarding dimensions as well as characteristics.

The MS590 will be **narrower** than the current "small large-scale decoder" MX696 (only 23 instead of 29 mm), reproduce two-channel sound (2 x 3 Watt), provide many function and servo outputs, as well as a connection for smoke generators and an individual output for a fan

**Stay alive** is - as in all MS decoders - of utmost importance: three Supercaps 1F (like the "big" MS990, only less capacity) supply motor, sound and function voltage.

Note: ZIMO is thinking about developing a smoke generator, like the TR92-101 without internal electronics to eliminate those unnecessary costs.

#### MS decoders - current software development status:

Currently (when receiving this newsletter) the **software version** for MS decoders is "around" **4.15**. This is an intermediate step to version 5.00 (almost there...); in 5.00 there should not be essential backlogs to the features of the MX decoders, but more advantages of the MS technique. Currently, DCC features prevail; after the release of SW version 5.00, the work on mfx will be intensified (regarding the automatic configuration of the GUI when registering).

The current instruction manual (download at: <a href="www.zimo.at">www.zimo.at</a>) already contains the features of the upcoming SW-version 5.00, always with the note "SW version 5.00 and higher".

This is a summary of missing features at delivery of **MS decoders since 20th April** (or the SW versions to download); with notes to the planned sequence of additions per SW update:

- Loading sound via tracks (up until now not possible at all) is still very slow (depending on the sound project between 1 and 2 hours). This is mainly due to the MXULF software which also is developed constantly.
  - Note: fast sound loading (a few minutes) is still possible via SUSI and especially suitable for decoders with the following interfaces: PluX, MTC, Next. This is because the MXTAP is equipped with the corresponding sockets.
- The DC analog operation is not yet possible, only AC analog is working.
- The time of implementation depends on the need of insustrial clients, because it is not very important for private clients.
- The Script language in sound projects (very often used by sound providers Däppen, Henning, Chetter) can only be interpreted in part by MS decoders; therefore, interruptions of background noises or wrong dependencies of driving situations can occur.

The script ability is the most pressing MS project.

- Some **effects** are not yet implemented; this concerns mostly "American light effects" (Ditch, Mars, ...).

- Some special features, like motor brake, adaptive acceleration, idle, solo drive, motor control in consist, etc. are not yet implemented, whereby it is unclear, if all of the features will be needed in MS decoders.
- "Distance controlled stopping" (also known as "constant braking distance") is not yet implemented. Feature can be improved (to MX); therefore a little later, but better, in the realisation for MS.
- SUSI interface (only shares pins with sound loading) as well as servo control and inputs (for cam sensors or reed contacts) are not implemented.

Urgency depends on need for clients.

- The CV #300 procedure (select and configure sound) is not implemented yet; the development is connected to the development of the new controller MX33.
- Sound projects for diesel mechanical locos cannot be used yet.
- Some **less important configurations** and other routine sounds for steam, diesel, electric locos are not yet useable.

#### SOUND - News for MX and MS

A contribution by Alexander Mayer (ZIMO Sound design)

Only a few years ago, the entries in the ZIMO sound database could be counted on one hand, this has changed drastically. We can provide our clients with the biggest range of different sound projects of the whole world. Thereby, we value highest quality. This is only possible with our partners the "sound providers".

We proudly present new partners:



#### Leo Soundlab, Austria

Christian Leopoldseder is sound engineer and worked at AKG for many years, until he became a freelancer. LeoSoundLab creates sound projects of highest quality and also offers installation of decoders and speakers into locos.

A quote from the company's website:

"It all started with the hobby model railroading and the dissatisfaction with sounds available on the market, as well as the limited range of sounds for Austrian vehicles. The first steps towards the production of the first sound project lead to the ÖBB 399.01 (today Mh.1). To get the best audio quality, I used the large diaphragm condenser microphone C414, the best equipment of the Austrian company AKG. The sound was recorded with a Zoom 4Hn. With this equipment, the first recording was impeccable.

The steadily big demand for sounds of Austrian vehicles and many compliments for this and other sound projects encouraged me to further recordings. The recording of the Rh.298 / U and the offer to install it professionally into the (at that time) current Liliput model on the market marked a breakthrough and so I founded my company."



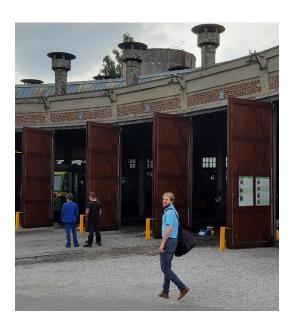


#### équipeTonTrain.com

#### éTT. France

Frédéric Holbrook comes from a family of railroaders. His father was head of a consulting and certification company for railbound matters near Paris. Following the foundation of his own small company in 2019, which specializes on repair and digitalization of model vehicles and partnering with Maketis, éTT will provide French sound projects on the ZIMO sound database. The recordings are from last summer. Due to his close relationship to French Heritage railways further projects are also possible in future.





# ZIMO Team



and because of the missing exhibitions due to Corona, the next edition will be released in autumn 2020 the earliest. A lot of time has passed since the last print version of the catalog in 2019,

heads are enriched with information about the actual task within the team. many changes this year.... to provide more information for our readers, the Therefore, the employees are presented in a newsletter; there have been

> This information makes no claim to be complete regarding the whole "ZIMO world", on the one hand due to spatial reasons, on the other hand there are external partners additional to the people employed by ZIMO GmbH, who perform important tasks (interlocking software, ZCS, ... up to assisting on workshops and fairs, etc.).



Stephan Lampert Schaltungsdesign,



Leiterplattenlayout Leiterplattenlayout Schaltungsdesign.



Softwaredesign MS-Decoder



Stephan Zimmerer MS-Decoder, ZSP Softwaredesign

Vincent Hamp



Peter W. Ziegler Geschäftsführer

HW- und SW-Test Roman Hlozka Demo-Anlagen

optische Kontrolle SMD-Bestückung

SW-, Sound-Laden Handlötarbeiten, Maria Liszka

Handlöt- und Serien-

testarbeiten

reparaturen, Test Ferenc Györe

optische Kontrolle Selim Adamkaya

SMD-Bestückung

Produktions-

Nada Radulovic

Attila Balog



Softwaredesign Peter Ostatnik Michael Schwarzer Softwaredesign MX10, MX32

Development - Testing

StEin, ICA



Softwaredesign StEin, MXULF **Endre Sinka** 



Michael Rubitschka Softwaredesign MX32, MX33



Oswald Holub Entwicklung Leitung

Tan Hung Huynh Produktion, Einkauf Leitung

Handlöt- und Serien-testarbeiten

SW-, Sound-Laden Renata Gyenge

reparaturen, Test

Handlötarbeiten,

Mohammad Alrifai optische Kontrolle SMD-Bestückung,

> Ruslan Agiev Produktions-

Selda Telci





Verwaltung Vertrieb, Verkauf, Leitung





Production - Purchaising



Auslieferung

Sounddesign, Ver-Sounddesign, Anlagen, trieb Frankreich u.a. Ausstellugen

Webdesign, Grafik, Video

Buchhaltung, Assistenz

Buchhaltung Fakturierung,

Auftragsbearbeitung, Behördenmeldungen Rene Farahmandi

Sounddesign

ī

Documentation

1

Administration

ī

Sales

Alexander Mayer

Sven Fuchs

Oliver Heissenberger Irina Lochmann

Harald Schandara



Auftragsbearbeitug.





Auslieferung, Verpackung,



Alexandra Bopp Manojela Stanojevic







Verpackung, Reparaturen, Produkt-Reparaturen, Testen, Kundendienst Lautsprecherbau fotos, Testmittelbau IT-Administration Telefon und Mail Thomas Mader



Manfred Brückner Alyssa Reed

Stephan Hubinger

Repair ī Testware Ī **Customer Service** 

# Vewsletter November 2020



### MX → MS – the replacement

With software version 4.50, two major milestones in the development of MS decoders have been reached:

the *mfx-mode*, and the alignment of a large part of the *DCC* performance feature spectrum (compared to the MX decoders).





Not all features known from the world of MX decoders are yet available for the MS decoders, but there are no more limitations for most applications and sound projects. Of course further software updates will be made available in the coming weeks and months, up to software version 5.00, where "nothing" should be missing by then.

For the current status: see operating instructions!

For those users for whom optimal sound is essential, an MS decoder can be recommended as the better choice.

There are already a number of 16-bit sound projects; and their number is growing rapidly. If there is no 16-bit project available for a certain model yet, this is no big limitation: MS decoders also accept 8-bit sound projects (from the MX world). A 16-bit project can then be loaded later, when available. Such a change is free of charge even for projects requiring a load code (i.e. surcharge). If the sound provider is identical, which is usually the case, the same load code applies.

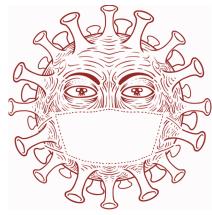
List of already (mid-October 2020) available and free 16-bit sound projects (extract from the ZIMO Sound Database):

-	Standard	Dampf	DRB / DB / DR	BR 56.20-29 (Pr. G 8.2)	Preloaded / Free - Petr Smutek (Jacek-modely)/ZIMO	2018-09-06
+	Standard	Dampf	DRB / DB / DR	BR 58 (Pr. G 12)	Coded / Coded - Alexander Mayer/Matthias Henning	2017-10-08
+	Standard	Dampf	DRB/DB/DR	BR 64	Coded / Free / Coded / Coded - Alexander Mayer/ZIMO /Alexander Mayer/Matthias Henning	2020-03-06 <b>16</b> Bit
+	Standard	Dampf	DRB / DB / DR	BR 78 (Pr. T 18)	Free / Coded - ZIMO/Georg Breuer	2020-03-01 16Bit
+	Standard	Dampf	DRB / DB / DR	BR 80	Coded / Free - Alexander Mayer/Oliver Zoffi	2020-03-06 16 Bit
+	Standard	Dampf	DRB / DB / DR	BR 86	Coded / Free - Leo Sound Lab/ZIMO	2020-04-30 16Bit NEW
+	Standard	Dampf	DRB / DB / DR	BR 89.70 (Pr. T 3)	Coded - Matthias Henning	2014-07-11
+	Standard	Dampf	DRB / DB / DR	BR 91.3 (Pr. T9.3)	Coded - Alexander Mayer	2020-09-29 16 Bit NEW
+	Standard	Dampf	DRB / DB / DR	BR 94.5-17 (Pr. T 16.1)	Coded / Coded / Free - Alexander Mayer/Matthias Henning/Oliver Zoffi	2020-07-17 16Bit NEW
+	Standard	Dampf	DRB / DR	BR 23	Coded / Free - Alexander Mayer/ZIMO	2019-10-04
-	Standard	Dampf	DRB / DR	BR 43	Free - ZIMO	2013-09-30

The MS decoders are offered with loaded sound collection as standard, as was the case with MX decoders, but now of course in 16-bit version.

At ZIMO, a "Sound Collection" is a special sound project that contains samples of 4 common types of locomotives (3 x steam, 1 x diesel). These can be selected via CV #265 (or mfx parameters) and can also be changed as often as desired. Of course, there is less storage capacity available for the individual vehicle in such a collection; therefore, an individual project is always the better choice, and for this reason there is an...

... offer (limited until the end of 2020) to load any sound project of your choice (as long as it is marked "Free - ZIMO" in the Sound Database) into the decoder free of charge instead of the "Sound-Collection". This means that the otherwise charged handling costs of 9.00 EUR are dropped.



Kostenloses Bild von Gordon Johnson auf Pixabay

Unfortunately another newsletter with this "logo"... We hope that in the next or at least the following newsletter the virus can be overwritten with an x.

In meanwhile we are expanding our

#### Video workshop offer

Although it was set up on the occasion of the pandemic, it will continue to exist "afterwards".

An extensive programme is planned for the coming months:

Firstly, there are several aspects of the new MS decoders, i.e. the special topics for which separate workshops are planned:

- mfx operation with Märklin CS
- ,Swiss mapping' of the MS era
- MS decoders for large scale
- Configuration and GUI via ZCS

As the title suggests, the latter (not necessarily the last one in terms of timing) concerns both decoders and the system (where the GUI is used).

For the system itself, workshops are also planned; these will cover the following topics::

- The ,StEin' and it's configuration
- Interlocking technology with ESTWGJ
- Interlocking technology with STP
- MX32 → MX33 the 2nd replacement

Workshops on system and interlocking technology place special demands on presentation technology and demonstration equipment.

Preparations are therefore being made at ZIMO in this direction: the renovation of the (almost historical) "turntable layout", the expansion of the "H0 demo layout", and the construction of a room for holding workshops with permanently installed cameras.

#### Notes on MXULF for MS

As of **SW version 0.83.15**, the decoder update and sound loading device MXULF is able to perform the following tasks for MS decoders:

- Software update from USB stick (SW collection file) via tracks.
- Sound project loading from USB stick via track.
- ... also via SUSI.
- Sound project loading directly from Computer (ZSP) via SUSI.

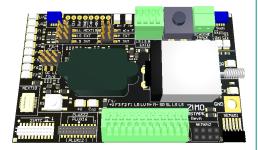
So this version still lacks SW update and sound project loading directly from the computer (ZSP) via track.

# Caution when using the **MXTAP** test and connection board with MS440 decoders:

MXTAP is a development of the MX era; although it can also be used for MS decoders, some particularities have to be considered:

- The index pin of the MTC plug on the MXTAP is cut off, but the "stub" can pierce the solder lacquer on the MS440, contact a conductor track (on MX decoders MX644 none at this point) and destroy a diode (do not press it firmly for safety)
- The function outputs starting from FO3 now occupy different pins due to adaptation to the valid NMRA standard; therefore display LEDs or designations do not match.
- The pin assignment of the MS large scale decoder is similar, but not completely identical to MX.

Thus, an **MSTAPK** is offered though, but it only contains the connectors for the "small" MS decoders, not for large scale decoders; for latter an **MSTAPG** is in preparation.



Continued from page 1:  $MX \rightarrow MS$  – the replacement.

Apart from the 16-bit sound there are other advantages of the MS technology, for example the greatly extended possibilities for connecting "stayalives" (i.e. energy storage to bridge dead spots in tracks) to a certain extent by integrated capacitors (see decoder MS580) or by providing for the connection of external electrolytic capacitors and gold caps.

See also: Operating instructions or Newsletter April 2020

Above all, however, the **new processor and memory technology** of the MS decoders offers an incomparably larger space compared to MX for future extensions to be supplemented by software updates; published benchmark tests of the processor type built into MS decoders confirm at least 10 times the computing power compared to the processors built into MX sound decoders.

The **operating technology of the prototype**, which is in a state of upheaval, will increasingly affect model railways, and this requires, among other things, ever higher performance of the vehicle electronics, for which the term "decoder" might not be entirely appropriate in the

future. The MS decoders are well prepared for these requirements.

Of course ZIMO tries to let the MX decoders grow into new times as far as possible, but there are limitations.

Meanwhile also the large-scale decoder MS990 (hardware) has been completed (software in progress)

The "big large scale decoder" \*) MS990 is the Flagship of the ZIMO decoder range;

optionally with pin headers or screw terminals: 

It contains and "can" do everything that is possible today at reasonable cost. In many respects this is more

today at reasonable cost. In many respects this is more than previous ZIMO large scale decoders have offered as well as other "big ones".

To sum up in a few key words:

- **6 A** Motor/total current with synchronous rectifier to avoid waste heat | **15** Function outputs | **3** "Stay-alive" supercaps | **2** fixed and **1** variable low voltage | **2** independent loudspeaker outputs ("Stereo") | **2** x **10** W Sound power | **2** independent connections for smoke generators without own electronics, each with its own fans | **6** three-pole servo connections | **1** gyroscopic sensor | **2** independent SUSI interfaces with auxiliary operating modes.
- \*) besides the "big" one there is also a "small large scale decoder", the MS950, especially for gauge 0 (or as a "replacement" when space is limited in G-gauge). BTW: ZIMO does NOT use the term "large scale sound decoder" here, because sound today is or should be a matter of course at least for the big ones. A splitting of the functionality into "driving decoder" and "sound module" is superfluous with today's technology that's why there are no separate (SUSI) sound modules from ZIMO.

For detailed data, please refer to the manual and the April Newsletter.

Overview table of the other (i.e. small and gauge-0) MS-Sound decoders with the most important technical data:

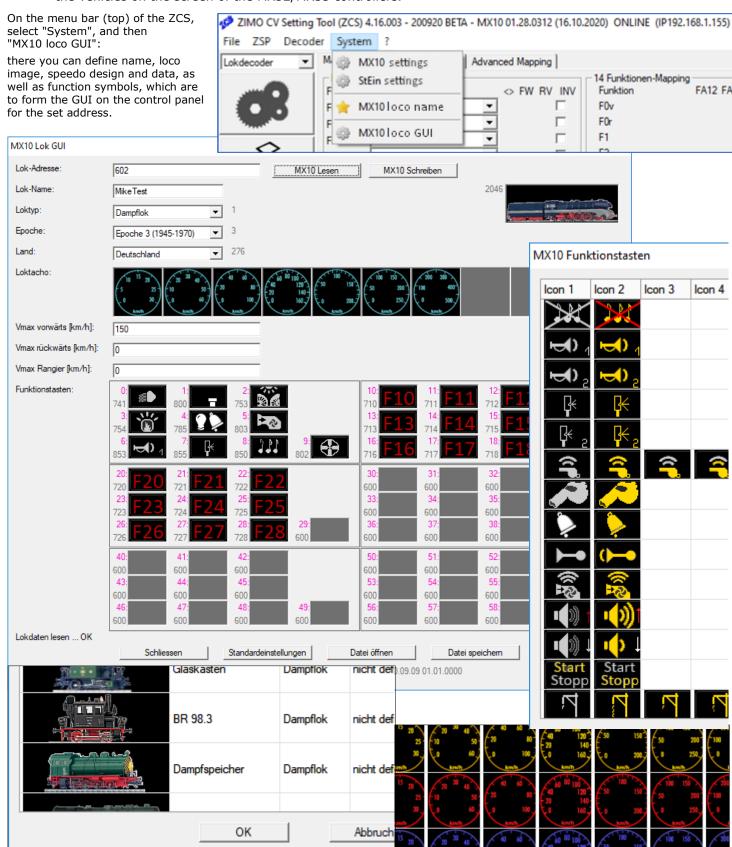


#### GUI design for MX32 (MX33) controllers on computer with **ZCS**

ZCS - **ZIMO CV Setting** – the tool for decoder configuration by **Matthias Manhart** – increasingly takes over **system configuration** tasks.

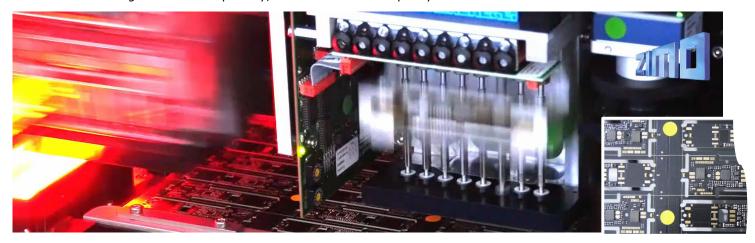
With the new version 4.16.000 of ZCS on the one hand

- settings of the MX10 parameters (menu item "MX10 settings", voltages, currents, ... and what else is shown and adjusted on the MX10 display) can be made, and on the other hand this is new!
- the GUI elements (GUI = Graphical User Interface) of the vehicles are determined or modified, i.e. name, image, speedometer design and parameters as well as function symbols. The GUI is used to display the vehicles on the screen of the MX32/MX33 controllers.

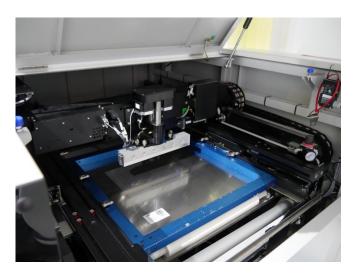


#### The new SMD production line at ZIMO

ZIMO manufactures all products in-house; this is the only way to offer the wide range of products, especially in the decoder sector. In 2020 (for the fourth time in the company's history) new production machines were purchased to meet the increasing demands for quantity, miniaturisation and quality.



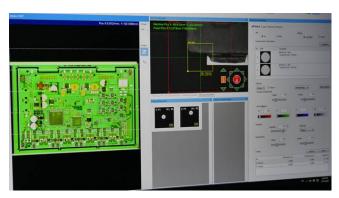
**SMD Placement machine**: View of one of the 8-fold placement heads, which take up to 40,000 chips (~ 200 sound decoders) per hour from the racks and place them precisely (0.02 mm) on the board. On the left side of the picture (shining red, in fast motion) the laser unit for the optical control of the components can be seen. 'Individual sound decoders' are currently being manufactured (in the picture); these are "tailor-made" for vehicle manufacturers if there is no space for standard decoders.



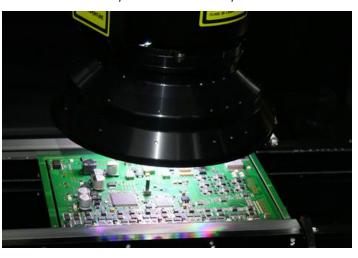


ZIMO video workshops info and dates at www.zimo.at

Before the placement can be done (top), the soldering paste is applied: in the stencil printing machine a squeegee is guided over an individually manufactured stencil and presses the paste through its high-precision openings onto the soldering points of the circuit board below. Integrated cameras control the perfect result of this process.



The entire production process is aimed at achieving the highest possible quality by means of checks at each stage. Particularly important is the optical final inspection in the 3D AOI system (Automated Optical Inspection). A large laser head, supplemented by cameras, scans the entire board, creates a height profile and, in addition to the presence and position of the assembled electronic components, checks above all the correct formation of the individual solder joints, because so-called "cold" solder joints are among the greatest failure risks of electronics during their life cycle. The current BGA components (Ball Grid Arrays), which are essential for the continued miniaturisation, can also be effectively checked for reliable contacting by exact measurement of the assembly planarity.



#### New software version for StEin: 7.1.80

Bug fixing of the current measurement on the track outputs. This was incorrectly calibrated by 25%, resulting in premature response of overcurrent and short-circuit thresholds (e.g. at 2 A, although 2.5 A according to configuration); noticeable only at higher loads (near the maximum of 8 A of e.g. gauge 1 locomotives in consist).